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Revista de Antropología, Ciencias de la Comunicación y de la Información, Filosofía,
Lingüística y Semiótica, Problemas del Desarrollo, la Ciencia y la Tecnología

Año 36, 2020, Especial N°

26

Revista de Ciencias Humanas y Sociales

ISSN 1012-1537/ ISSN e: 2477-9385

Depósito Legal pp 198402ZU45



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Crimes Burglary on Banks in Jordan and Stand of Social Media Sites Users from them

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Abstract

This analytical study came to uncover causes of a disturbing phenomenon to the Jordan Community in general and the security corps in particular. In the year 2018, the phenomenon of armed burglary on the foundations, specifically banks. Aware of analyses commentaries and inquiries on social media accompanied this phenomenon, and expressed the stand of users of these means towards

crimes of burglary. This study also tackled the causes of these crimes from the point of view of perpetrators and users of social media sites, that is through informing their view by analyzing commentaries published about these crimes on the Facebook specifically. Results had shown the connection of this phenomenon with poverty and unemployment in Jordan as the most important causes of committing this crime. But what is related with sites of social media, that was the most abundant stand reflected by users of social media sites. It is disbelieving those incidents and considering them representations or plays. They also showed an implied and non-frank sympathy with perpetrators of these crimes through justification of committing these crimes, because of poverty and through proposition of lightening punishments. The study submitted a group of recommendations connected with their results.

Keywords: Burglary on Banks, Social Media Means, Facebook.

Delitos contra robos en bancos en Jordania y usuarios de sitios de redes sociales usuarios de ellos

Resumen

Este estudio analítico llegó a descubrir las causas de un fenómeno perturbador para la Comunidad de Jordania en general y el cuerpo de seguridad en particular. En el año 2018, el fenómeno del robo a mano armada en las fundaciones, específicamente en los bancos. Consciente de los análisis, comentarios y consultas en las redes sociales, acompañó este fenómeno y expresó la posición de los usuarios de estos medios frente a los delitos de robo. Este estudio también abordó las causas de estos crímenes desde el punto de vista de los autores y usuarios de los sitios de redes sociales, es decir, informando su punto de vista mediante el análisis de los comentarios publicados sobre estos crímenes en Facebook específicamente. Los

resultados mostraron la conexión de este fenómeno con la pobreza y el desempleo en Jordania como las causas más importantes de cometer este delito. Pero lo que está relacionado con los sitios de redes sociales, ese fue el stand más abundante reflejado por los usuarios de los sitios de redes sociales. Es no creer esos incidentes y considerarlos representaciones u obras de teatro. También mostraron una simpatía implícita y no franca con los autores de estos crímenes mediante la justificación de cometer estos crímenes, debido a la pobreza y mediante la proposición de castigos más ligeros. El estudio presentó un grupo de recomendaciones relacionadas con sus resultados.

Palabras clave: Robo en bancos, medios sociales, Facebook.

1. INTRODUCTION

Crimes in most communities take multitude forms and curvatures affected by development, the world witnesses in different domains; for the modern technology and the technological revolution in the domain of information and communications are considered a basis for the development and complication of criminal techniques, taking forms appropriate with the size of technological development.

The Jordan community is like others of communities, lives this mutation in the development of communication means for the individual became witness and follow all worldly activities easily according to his personal, psychological and behavioral inclination from music, athletics, science and culture, that is applied on owners of criminal tendency: they surely search for what concerns them of films, means and methods of accurately practice skills, that enable them achieve their criminal objectives, and simultaneously achieve to them

transgressing the law and non-empowerment of security bodies of recognizing and seizing them, then come operations of burglary on banks in Jordan and the case of sympathy across means of social media with perpetrators of these crimes as a phenomenon, the Jordan community never accustomed before, but violates customs, traditions, and morals of the Jordan community.

This phenomenon of burglary concurred with the spread of numerous of other negative social phenomena, like the spread of drugs among youths in Jordan, outbreak of unemployment, increase of class partition among sections of the Jordan community, and loss of trust in the governmental decisions. Networks of social media are considered from the most important means of popular media that tackled issues of burglar and other issues at a great deal and influential, and they are from the most important Internet Applications and most abundantly spread and common, they are diverse and different in between them as for the nature of their work, the how of using them and their traits, also they are variant from part of the multitudinous of each of them, and the Facebook is considered from the most famous of these networks and the most popular of them in Jordan; for the number of its users in the first half of 2018 what increases more than five million users, at a rate of 66% of the population (Orange, 2018). Facebook is an interactive service had been established in 2004, Facebook has become the biggest social network worldwide as of the third quarter of 2019, and the number of its users reached more than 2.45 billion users and represents more than quarter of the population of the world (Statista, 2019).

2. METHODOLOGY

This study is considered one of the descriptive research studies that aim at studying a certain phenomenon, and the phenomenon, subject of study is represented in crimes of burglary on banks in Jordan on both its levels: the descriptive and the analytical through describing motives at perpetrators of burglary crimes and causes from a scientific point of view leans on analyzing the content of Facebook related with news of burglary crimes. This study employed the descriptive method of research and accusative one through:

a) Doing personal interviews with perpetrators of armed burglary crimes on banks.

b) Analyzing stands of the social media sites users from crimes of armed burglary on banks.

Population of study consisted of:

- Perpetrators of burglary crimes on banks.
- Users of social media sites.

The sample had consisted of:

- Purposely sample from all perpetrators of burglary crimes on banks in the year 2018.

- Random sample of number 500 respondents were specified through the tables of specifying the sample to answer the instrument of study related with users stand of sites of social media towards crimes of burglary and their perpetrators, the number of the valid of them for analysis were 437 questionnaires.

- Analyzing the content for 2127 comments on the news published on faces of the Facebook from part of admiration and witnesses of connected with crimes of burglary through the company of Export Comments.com and had covered four news published in the period 22/1/2018- 20/11/2018 they are:

3. RESULTS

This part of the study included results deduced by the present study through answering its questions as follows:

Firstly: results related with answering the first question that words “what are the questions of committing crimes of burglary by perpetrators themselves?”

To answer this question, researchers did perform personal meetings with perpetrators of burglary operations on banks’ after obtaining the formal agreements of that from the security parties amounting to nine persons, distributed on the following Centers of Reform and Rehabilitation:

- Center of Reform and Rehabilitation Al-Sowaqa.
- Center of Reform and Rehabilitation Al-Juwaideh.
- Center of Reform and Rehabilitation Al-Salt.
- Center of Reform and Rehabilitation Marka.

After data collecting and analyzing them the following results had been deduced:

Results concerning the demographic characteristics of perpetrators of burglary crimes:

Table 1: The demographic characteristics of study sample

Personal Information		Repetition	Percentage%
Social status	Single	2	%22
	Married	7	78%
Number of family Number	Less than 4 persons	5	%56
	(5 – 9) persons	3	%33
	10 persons or more	1	%11
Educational Level	Elementary	3	%33
	Community College	2	%22
	University	4	%44
Residence	City	6	%67
	Badia	1	%11
	Camp	2	%22
Monthly income level	Less than 300 JDs	4	%44
	300 – 1000 JDs	2	%22
	More than 1000 JDs	3	%33
Nationality	That else	1	%11
	Jordanian	8	%89
Do you think that you are guilty?	No	9	%100
	Yes	0	%0

Do you feel with repentance for committing this crime?	No	4	%44
	Yes	5	%56

It is obvious from analyzing Table 1 that all perpetrators of crimes are from males, the average of their ages is 35 years and amounted between 26 to 60 years, and that this result came in agreement with results of previous studies done in Australia and America (Nugent, Burns, Wilson & Chappell, 1989). Also results of the present study showed that most of perpetrators of burglary operations on banks from the married people at a rate of 78% and submit sustenance to moderate number families, also most of them obtaining scientific degrees, for %66 bear university certificates and community college Diploma, and from the sight attraction is that this result is different from some results of previous studies that indicate to decrease the educational level of perpetrators this type of crimes (Al-Shayji, 2007).

Secondly: results concerning causes behind committing burglary crimes on banks from the point of view of their perpetrators.

Firstly: economic causes

It is clear from Table 2 that weakness of family income came in the first rank at rate of 67% as one of the most important economic causes that pushed for committing burglary operations, and followed by the factor of accumulation of debts at the rate of 56%. This result agrees with results of studies that had been done on operations by

burglary on banks, where these studies indicated that the most important drives behind committing this type of crimes is the need to money to support the family and pay debts (Al-Shdaifat, & Al-Rasheedi, 2016; Nugent, et al. 1989;).

And researchers view that these causes are reasonable, especially in shadow of abundance of life demands, expensive livelihood and decrease of individual’s income level in Jordan, for the last copy of Number indicator, 2017 uncovered that average of salaries in Jordan amounts to 455 JDs, the thing that lay sit in the rank of 11 Arabically from the origin of 16 states covered by the report. Also, the numbers of surveying income and expenditures of the family (2013-2014) indicated that half of the Jordanian families 47.1% the average of their income is estimated with 352 JDs at an average of 70 JDs a month for the individual (Public Statistics Department, 2014).

Table 2: The economic causes of committing burglary operations on banks from the point of view of perpetrators

Economic causes	Answer	Repetition	Rate
Did weakness of your family income push you to commit the burglary operation?	No	3	33%
	Yes	6	67%
Was the rise of prices from causes of committing burglary on the bank?	No	6	67%
	Yes	3	33%
Do you think that unemployment & poverty from the most important	No	5	56%
	Yes	4	44%

causes of committing crimes of burglary?			
Do you have accumulated debts?	No	4	44%
	Yes	5	56%

Secondly: Social causes

It is obvious from Table 3 that the rise of leisure time at perpetrators of crimes came in the first rank with a rate of 67% as one the most important social causes that pushed to commit operations of burglary, while the influence of bad comrades came in the second rank at a rate of 56%. And this result agrees with results of abundant social studies (Rokven, Boer, Tolsma, & Ruiter, 2017; Al-Shdaifat, & Al-Rasheedi, 2016). In the study done by Abdullah (2011) that showed that 73% of the sample of study individuals asserted that because of abundance of leisure time a big role in committing crimes. The study also deduced that 80% of the sample of study individuals asserted that the bad company has a sharp influence on individuals in their committing the crimes; the table also shows the influence crime films and violence on perpetrators of these crimes that amounted to 44%. This result is considered real and going with what other studies showed, for the researcher (Nugent et al, 1989) had asserted that programs of violence shown on the television and else of media means are a motivation to commit the burglary crimes, and researchers view that abundance of leisure generates the greatest motivation to commit the crime and this agrees with the rule that says leisure is a corruption.

Table 3: The social causes for committing burglary operations on banks from the point of view of perpetrators

Social causes	Answer	Repetition	Rate
Are your parents divorced/ separated/ dead? (Family Disconnection)	No	2	22%
	Yes	7	78%
Do you witness crimes & violence films greatly?	No	5	56%
	Yes	4	44%
Do you have big leisure time and unexploited?	No	3	33%
	Yes	6	67%
Do you think that your family did not follow techniques of correct social breeding (what type of breeding you received?)	No	7	78%
	Yes	2	22%
Did the decrease of your family members education level (if existed) share in your committing this crime?	No	7	78%
	Yes	2	22%
Do you have had comrades? Did they have influence in committing this crime?	No	4	44%
	Yes	5	56%
Do you think that the non-satisfaction of punishment pushed you to commit crime?	No	6	67%
	Yes	3	33%
Do you suffer from matrimonial	No	7	78%

problems? (specify them in case of existence)	Yes	2	22%
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Thirdly: Psychological causes

Table 4 shows that the excessive anxiety for the future of the family had come in the first rank from part of psychological clauses that pushed for committing burglary crimes, and this is what is asserted by psychology that fear from some individuals for their future pushes them to commit mistakes reach the limit of committing crime (Mohammad, 2004), and it is asserted that the rise of this rate refers to its connection with the economic motives, while depression and nervousness came in the second rank and at a rate of %56 for each of them, for a study done by University of Oxford, 2015 showed that those who suffer from depression have a tendency to commit crimes of violence three doubles of common people. And it is noticed from the table that taking the mental effectors have a role in committing this crime if amounted to the rate of affecting 44%. And this rate is approaching results of some studies that indicated that %33 of dealers with drugs commit crimes of robbery (A'zzaq, 2015; Caulkins & kleiman, 2014).

Researches find that what the present study and the previous studies deduced is in harmony with the nature of drugs due to results of change of the mental case and temper of the dealer, because of defect of perception and thinking functions at him, and so it makes him lose ability of domination and self-control, the thing that makes him release his wishes and desires, so he commits the crimes without a

restraint of conscience or fear of punishment, in addition to his need of money to get drugs that enhance the behavior of criminality at him.

Table 4: The Psychological causes for committing operations of burglary on banks from the point of view of the perpetrators

Psychological causes	Answer	Repetition	Rate
Are you a nervous man?	No	4	44%
	Yes	5	56%
Do you suffer from any romantic problems?	No	6	67%
	Yes	3	33%
Do you take mental effecters (such as dealing with drugs)?	No	5	56%
	Yes	4	44%
Did you commit this crime because of fame-love?	No	9	100%
	Yes	0	0%
Did you commit this crime, because of domination love?	No	9	100%
	Yes	0	0%
Did you commit this crime by motive of jealousy of others?	No	9	100%
	Yes	0	0%
Do you suffer from depression?	No	4	44%
	Yes	5	56%
Do you have excessive anxiety on the future of your family?	No	2	22%
	Yes	7	78%

Fourthly: other causes

It is noticed in Table 5 that the perpetrators of burglary crimes asserted that they have belongingness to the country and 67% are

religiously committed and 78% think that security procedures are enough to protect banks and in spite of that they did commit this crime, and researchers believe that religiousness and belongingness to the homeland may be a satisfactory reason to prevent some individuals from committing crimes in shadow of their urgent need to obtain the economic resources that fulfill their social and psychological demands, but one of perpetrators of burglary crimes justified his committing the crime to attract the responsible sight to the necessity of stopping the corruption and giving up their hands from the public money and this forms the top belongingness to the homeland to him.

Table 5: Other causes to commit operations of burglary on banks from the point of view of perpetrators

Other causes	Answer	Repetition	%Rate
Are you religiously committed?	No	3	%30
	Yes	6	%67
Do you have belongingness for the country?	No	0	%0
	Yes	9	%100
Do you think that weakness of security procedures in banks pushed you to commit this crime?	No	7	%78
	Yes	2	%22

Thirdly: results related with answering the second question that words “what is the stand of social media sites users”?

The results are presented as follows:

a.Results of analyzing the questionnaire of recognizing reasons of burglary on banks from the point of view of the social communication sites users:

This part of the study tackles studying the stands of the social media sites users through distributing 500 questionnaires on the sample of study. Three hundred and forty-nine questionnaires of them were competent for analysis. Due to the social type the distribution of respondents at the rate of 62% for females and 33% for males. Table 6 shows results related with reasons, from the point of view of users of the social media sites indicated to the most abundant reasons explaining incidents of burglary were the economic reasons at a mean of 2.518, for they indicated that the highest reason from their point of view was “unemployment and poverty” followed by “inflation and prices rise”.

Table 6: Means and standard deviation of the economic reasons as viewed by users of social media sites about burglary crimes.

No.	Item	Mean	Standard Deviation	Trend Sharpness
3	Unemployment & Poverty	2.711	0.593	Positive
2	Inflation & Price Rise	2.608	0.677	Positive
5	Debts Accumulation	2.538	0.730	Positive
4	Family Financial Shortage	2.410	0.744	Positive

1	Family Income	2.321	0.813	Positive
	Total	2.518	0.082	

It is clear from Table 7 that the social reasons came in the second rank at an average of 2.818, where “the influence of bad comrades” was the most important in explaining this type of crimes followed by “absence of family control”. Then results related with the psychological reasons that push for committing burglary crimes from the point of view of the social media sites users.

Table 7: Mean and standard deviation for the social reasons as view by users of social media sites about burglary crimes

No.	Item	Arithmetic Mean	Standard Deviation	Trend Sharpness
11	Influence of bad comrades	2.469	0.675	Positive
7	Absence of family control	2.317	0.748	Positive
9	Leisure time & non-exploiting it by youths	2.150	0.814	Positive
10	Decrease of educational level for family members.	2.089	0.816	Positive

6	Family disconnection	2.064	0.811	Positive
8	Effects of media means in what concerns crimes	1.998	0.818	Neutral
Total		2.181	0.058	

Table 8 shows the psychological reasons that came in the fourth rank an arithmetic mean of 1.94), and the most important of these reasons from part of means “taking the mental effectors (drugs)” followed by “excessive anxiety on family future”. Then the results related with the other reasons that push to commit burglary crimes from the point of view of users of social media sites.

Table 8: Mean and standard deviation for the psychological reasons as viewed by users of social media sites about burglary crimes

No.	Item	Mean	Standard Deviation	Trend Excessiveness
14	Taking mental effectors (like dealing drugs)	2.531	0.701	Positive
19	Excessive anxiety on family future	2.244	0.804	Positive
18	Usability of psychological state	2.164	0.797	Positive

	(like depression)			
17	Motive of jealousy and competition from others	1.932	0.811	Neutral
16	Motive of property-love & dominion	1.879	0.806	Neutral
15	Fame- love	1.715	0.787	Neutral
13	Non self-trust	1.647	0.750	Neutral
12	Sentimental deprivation	1.421	0.684	Neutral
Total		1.942	0.050	

Table 9 illustrates other reasons behind committing burglary crimes at an arithmetic mean of (2.118), with what made them come in the third rank. The most important of these reasons is the “tradition of organized bands” followed by “nonexistence of satisfactory security procedures inside banks”.

Table 9: Mean and standard deviation other reasons as viewed by users of social media sites about burglary crimes

No.	Item	Mean	Standard Deviation	Trend Sharpness
22	Tradition of organized hands	2.248	0.767	Positive
23	Non-existence of	2.239	0.802	Positive

	satisfactory security procedures inside banks			
21	Weakness of national belongingness	2.091	0.803	Positive
20	External influences (e.g., Dai'sh)	1.893	0.822	Neutral
	Total	2.118	0.023	

But arranging reasons in general, the arithmetic means in table No. (10) had indicated to the following:

Table 10: Means for the reasons as viewed by users of social media sites about burglary crimes

No.	The Item	Mean
1	Economic reasons	2.518
2	Social reasons	2.181
3	Psychological reasons	1.942
4	Other reasons	2.118

The means related with the economic reasons were the highest followed by the social reasons, also the average indicated to that psychological reasons were the least. And from part of more than two reasons without consideration of classifying the dimension, the first reason was the unemployment and poverty at an arithmetic mean 2.711 followed by “inflation and prices rise at an average of 2.608.

b. Results of the social media sites users' stand from burglary crimes on banks.

Table 11: Users of social media sites stand

No	Item	No.	Yes	Arithmetic Mean	Standard Deviation	Trend Sharpness
25	Directorate of Public Security investigation of cause & background of burglary operations on banks	9%	91%	0.907	0.219	Positive
24	Directorate of Public Security considers the circumstances of burglary operations perpetrators	31%	69%	0.965	0.461	Positive
27	Unemployment	4%	5%	0.572	0.495	Positive

	nt is considered a justification to do burglary operations on banks	3	7			
31	Positive commentaries shared in the rise of crimes number	%4 5	%5 5	0.551	0.498	Positive
26	Prices rise is considered a justification to do operations of burglary on banks	%4 7	%5 3	0.526	0.5	Positive
28	Inferiority complex is a result of financial need justifies doing burglary operations on banks	%4 9	%5 1	0.506	0.501	Positive

29	Did you notice sympathy with perpetrators of these crimes	%5 2	%4 8	0.481	0.5	Neutral
30	Do you think that social media means looked positively to these crimes?	%6 4	%3 6	0.364	0.482	Neutral
32	Do you sympathize with burglary operations perpetrators on banks?	%7 5	%2 5	0.248	0.433	Neutral

It is clear from analyzing results of Table 11 that 48% of the sample individuals are sympathetic with perpetrators of these crimes when indirectly asked, “Did you notice that there is sympathy with perpetrators of these crimes?” while the rate of answering this question when directly asked “are you sympathized with burglary operation perpetrators?” formed medium of sympathizers 25%.

Then, the results related with the stand of users of the social media sites from the extent of sufficiency of the determined

punishments in the Jordan Law for perpetrators of burglary crimes on banks.

Table 12: Punishment of perpetrators of the appropriate burglary operations as viewed by users of social media sites.

Statement	Punishment years	No.	Rate
	Less than 3 years	100	%23
I view that the appropriate	3-5 years	157	%36
punishment of perpetrators of	5-10 years	111	%25
burglary operations are	More than 10 years	71	%16
	Total	439	%100

At questioning users of social media sites about the appropriate punishment the results were of the question the most appropriate punishments imposed as follows: 36% of them proposed the appropriate punishment by prison from 3-5 years, and 25% by punishment 5-10 years and 23% by a punishment less than 3 years. That is, in general, was the rate of appropriate proposed punishment is less than five years at 59% of the sample, while the least due legal punishment is prison for ten years. These results show indirect sympathy by individuals of the sample with perpetrators of burglary crimes, and in the same time fewness of legal awareness of punishments, that may encourage on committing such these crimes, and asserts this result what one of perpetrators of burglary crimes said

that he did not expect the sharpness of punishment in law on action that he had committed.

4. CONCLUSIONS

In the following is a show of the study results:

- All perpetrators of burglary crimes are males, the average of their age is (35) years. This agrees with results of worldly studies, and it is what was in harmony with results of this study, that indicated that the political and economic causes were the highest in persons committing these crimes for the young persons are unable to evaluate the economic and political conditions in the state, and this age is the age of labor and production and need of the person to fulfill demands of life' marriage and expenditure on the family.

- The study showed the need of the community members to the legal enlightenment in general and punishments connected with crimes in particular.

- The study showed the assertion of the Jordanian community stand of the growing and spread the phenomenon of corruption in Jordan and its connection with their negative trends towards the responsible and their ability to manage the affairs of the state.

- Results of study showed reactionary of economic conditions, feeling with corruption and un-applying the law decreases the belief of the citizen in his associations and may push him to commit some

crimes to express himself and his non-contentedness about the present conditions.

- Means of social media are considered un-trustful means for information exchange, for what they are attributed with of exaggeration, frightening, unseriousity and non-objectivity about a significant national issue like the issue of burglary on banks.

- Increase of the social media sites influence in the Jordan community for they became the first means to obtain information.

- Absence of the quick, accurate and authorize formal information, the thing that allowed the space for networks of social media to transmit rumors and non-correct sayings.

- Commentaries that were transmitted across networks of social media were characterized that they are written in a weak colloquial language, the thing that evidenced by on non-objectivity of individuals, who did write it and their non-attributedness of the spirit of responsibility and conserving the security of the community.

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**UNIVERSIDAD
DEL ZULIA**

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Revista de Ciencias Humanas y Sociales

Año 36, N° 26, (2020)

Esta revista fue editada en formato digital por el personal de la Oficina de Publicaciones Científicas de la Facultad Experimental de Ciencias, Universidad del Zulia.

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